LIVE WASHINGTON TOPICS. SENATORS EXCITED OFER A POSED REDUCTION OF POSTAGE

pivided Report from the Monae Commit-tee on Mrs. Logan's Pension-Henry Clas's Auccessor in the Science Visits the House-Postmaster-General Dickinson's Square-food Democracy-Social Lite.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 .- A short but interesting discussion on the subject of reducing he rate of letter postage to one cent per ounce came up rather unexpectedly in the Senate this morning, and in the space of two minutes the fact was clearly developed that a number Senators think the time has come for making the reduction. Senator Sawyer, who has been rather unfortunate in pleasing his prother Senators since he has been Chairman of the Post offee Committee, brought down the wrath of his colleagues on his head by reporting back with an adverse recommendation the resolurecting the committee to inquire into the exediency and practicability of the reduction. senator Hoar was the first Senator to notice what Mr. Sawyer was doing. Jumping quickly to his feet he said that he for one desired to place himself on record as in favor of the reduction in postage, which is demanded by the people everywhere. The practice of letter writing, he said, served to bind in close ties of friendship and common interest the people of all parts of our country, and the Government should do everything possible to aid in that praiseworthy object. Senator Beck said, in his phatic snappish way, that he had introduced the resolution in order to find out if there was any good reason why the rate of postage should not be reduced, and he begged to ask Senator Sawyer why the committee had seen fit to report adversely. Then Mr. Sawyer his deak with one hand, he jerked the other up and down in the air, and said that the Post Office Department expenditures exceeded its was reversed it was not regarded as good policy to reduce the rate of postage. was reversed it was not regarded as good policy to reduce the rate of postage. Senator Platt, in quite an indignant manner, said he, too, was in layer of having the rate reduced. It made no difference whether the department was self-sustaining or not. The people demanded the change, and it should be made. Senator Saulsbury of Delaware, who never fails to place himself on record as an economist when opportunity offers, here delivered a short tariff speech, in which the word "surplus" frequently occurred. He was opposed to all stachschemes to take money out of the Treasury and something had first been done toward reducing the surplus. It is, in his opinion, but policy to spend the money on all sorts of set ones, and thus furnish a strong argument to the men who are opposed to tariff reduction. Shaking his long arm high in the lir, hir. Saulsoury again shouted his opposition to any depletion of the Treasury on any of these schemes until we have the taxes reduced. This sturring reference to the resolution of Beck's made the Kentucky Senator mad. He jumped to his seet and, glaring at Saulsbury, denied that there was any scheme in his plan. Newspapers were carried at low rates, he said. Merchandise of all kinds are carted around the country at the rate of one cent per ounce, and why could not letters go at the same rate. Senator Beck said that one New York firm made a business of mailing sets of harness in four pound packages, upon which they paid postage at the rate of one cent per ounce, and it that could be done, or whether it could or not, there is no good reason why letters should not be carried for a cent. Mr. Beck does not mean to have his resolution thus summarily killed by the Poet Office Committee, and he will take other means to have the matter investigated and reported upon.

The Court of Claims to-day gave judgment for \$650 in favor of George W. Melville, Engineer in Chief, U. S. N., in his suit against the neer in Chief. U. S. N., in his suit against the Government for increasing without his permission the allotment to his wife from \$90 to \$140 per month during his absence in Siberia on the ill-fated Jeanette expedition. The allotment was increased by Secretary Hunt on the application of Mrs. Melville, and was due to an increase of Melville's salary during his absence by promotion from Passed Assistant Engineer to Chief Engineer. The Court held that the Secretary had no right to change the amount of the allotment without express instructions from the officer whose salary was affected.

A favorable report has been ordered by the House Post Office Committee on Mr. Ander-son's bill requiring the subsidized railroad companies to afford equal facilities to all tele-graph companies for the prompt and conven-ient interchange of telegraph business over the wires, and to maintain and operate their own felegraph lines. The only essential amendment made by the full committee was to make it apply to subsidized or aided telegraph companies.

Representative Crain's joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution changing the time for the assembling of Congress will be favorably reported to the House. The new article substitutes Dec. 31 for March 4 as the bestiming and termination of the official term of members of the House of Representatives, and requires Congress to assemble at least once in each year on the first Monday in January.

The President having received satisfactory proof from the German Government that American vessels and their cargoes are not required in German ports to pay any fee or due of any in German ports to pay any fee or due of any kind or nature, or any import higher or other than is payable by German vessels or their cargoes, to-day published a proclamation suspending the collection of the tonnage dues imposed upon vessels entering our ports from any of the ports of the German Empire.

The vessels of any foreign country in whose ports the fees or dues imposed on vessels of the United States or their cargoes are in excess of the fees or dues imposed on the vessels of such foreign country or their cargoes, or of the lees or dues imposed on the vessels of Germany or the cargoes of such vessels, of Germany or the cargoes of such vessels, or The suspension is to continue is long as the rectprocal exempis to continue as long as the reciprocal exemp-tion of vessels belonging to citizens of the United States and their cargoes shall be con-tinued in the ports of the empire of Germany, and no longer.

Senator Frye offered a resolution in the Senate to-day instructing the Committee on Foreign Relations to have prepared a statement embracing the following points: The warious political organizations of the Dominion of Canada and its several provinces, including Newfoundiand; the treaties with the United States in regard to the Dominion and its several provinces, and the commercial status established; the amount and value of commerce and trade between the United States and Canada, and the amount and value of the transit rate on goods not subject to duty; the area and population of the Dominion of Canada and its provinces; the amount of their funded and floating debts, their revenues; their ratiroads, showing the mileage, cost, spare capital, lunded and floating debts, their revenues; their ratiroads, showing the mileage, cost, spare capital, innded and floating debts and the guarantees given to them of Great Britain or the Dominion; their canals, showing the size of the locks, the cost of the canads, the number of vessels navigating them, and the average number of days that they are navigable; the dates for a series of years of the opening and closing of navigation on the St. Lawrence, and as to the subsidies paid to steamship and railroad companies. Mr. Frye said that the latermation called for was exceedingly important and valuable. The necessity for it was apparent in view of the fact that serious questions, commercial questions, were lable to arise at any time between the United states and Canada. The resolution was laid over. various political organizations of the Dominion

Among the bills introduced in the House today, under the call of States, were these:

By Mr. cases of Alabama—To prevent allers from
precrapting or entering homesteads and to provide for
leasing grasting tanes for periods not exceeding ten years.

By Mr. Townshend or failness—To place saft upon the
free list. free list. By Mr. Lawler of Illinois—Abolishing the tax on olecnargarine.

By Mr. Turner of Kansas—Providing for a bounty on the state corn. and flour expuried from the United Nates.

By Mr. Stone of Kentucky—To prevent combinations or the purpose of regulating the prices of preduce.

or the purpose of regulating the prices of produce. Blocks, bonds, or laber. By Mr. Rayner of Maryland—To prevent the creation by Mr. taylor of Michigan—For the erection in Washnation of a sause to Gen. Custer.

By Mr. J. T. Campbell of New York—Fixing the salaies of Supreme Court Justices and of Cabinet officers
is indicated by Search of Ohio—To regulate the manuacture and sale of counterfeit or compounded hard.

By Mr. Whikins of Ohio—For the lastic of fractional
Deer certificates.

by Mr. Whiches of Onto-For the issue of fractional silver actificates.

By Mr. Bilman of Michigan-Provising for the fine and impressioned of Michigan-Provising for the fine and impressioned of Michigan-Provising for the first and impressioned of Michigan-Provising for the first and impression of Michigan and Impression of Michigan and Impression of Michigan and Impression of Michigan and Mich

sion of the tariff, the principle of protection to American industry and the maintenance of wages of American workmen at the American standard ought to be distinctly recognized and firmly adhered to: that duties ought not to be imposed for revenue only, but the production of those articles which the United States has abundant raw material and labor to produce ought to be protected sufficiently to enable American producers to maintain free competition in the American market, and that articles on the free list should be selected from among such necessaries of life as are not produced in adequate quantities in this country.

Mr. Martin of Texas offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to report a bill repealing the Internal revenue laws; and revising the tariff, so as to abolish specific duties.

The bill passed by the Senate in the last Congress, to incorporate the Atlantic and Pacific Ship Ballway Company, was introduced in the Senate to-day by Mr. Vest and in the House by Mr. Clardy of Missouri. The only change from the old bill is that the name of Frank B. Congor is substituted as an incorporator for that of the late Capt. Eads.

The President to-day nominated Commodore Bancroft Gherardi to be a Bear Admiral, Capt, William E, Fitzhugh to be a Commodore, and Commander Henry B, Robeson to be Captain, The Sonate confirmed as Postmasters: John H, Curry at Nashville and John W, Ross at Washington, and as Conaul at Rio Grande do Sul, L, G, Bennington of West Virginia.

A joint resolution introduced by Senator corge to-day directs the Commissioner of Labor to conduct such an investigation in this and competing countries as will enable him to report: An enumeration of so-called natural industries in all leading countries: of products of the leading countries which are dutiable in the United States, of those taxed for protection and those for revenue only; the cost of producing dutiable products in the countries where they are produced as to show the cost of labor, of material, and of other elements of value, the cost of importation other than for duties of foreign dutiable articles, the pobling and retail prices of dutiable products in the country where produced and in the United States; also such other information as will tend to show the exact cost of the leading articles of production and of manufacture which are produced or made in this country and which are imported from other countries. It appropriates \$100,000 for the purpose. Labor to conduct such an investigation in this

Pension bills were introduced in the Senate

Pension bills were introduced in the Senate to-day as follows:

By Senator Quay—Granting pension at the following rates to persions in the military or naval service of the United Nature confined in Confederate prisons. Those confined more than two and less than six months half pension: six and less than twive months. Intrequarters pension: tweive months or more, a total pension it axis transis an allowance of 2 per day to prisoners of war for each day commed.

In Senatis an allowance of 22 per day to prisoners of his fent of the control of the senator inguisis—increasing to \$50 per month the pension for loss of an area, to \$50 for loss of a hand or foct, to \$40 for loss of an arm within five inches of the about a seg within aix inches of the knee-joint, and to \$40 for loss of an arm within a sinches of the shoulder-joint or a leg within eight inches of the hip-join. phonon or a second of the related \$2 per month to alternous who served not less than alkey day in the alternous who served not less than alkey day in the laternous and increased to the second of the laternous and increased to \$5 per month, and the arrears of pension act is repealed.

The result of the Naval Academy examinaconsiderably. About forty students are thought to have failed, and some of the delinquents reclaim the navy without standing the test. Cadet Frank Marbie, son of Mr. Manton Marbie of New York, passed a highly creditable examination and will be included among the starmembers. Cadet Vansant of Pennsylvania will lead the graduating class, with Marbie second, and Cadet Chandler, son of ex-Secretary of the Navy Chandler, not far behind.

Mr. Morgan of Alabama addressed the Senate to-day in opposition to the Blair Educational bill. He said that such unlimited, unrestricted, bill. He said that such unlimited, unrestricted, unguarded, unjust powers, backed with such untold millions of money, as this bill conferred upon the Secretary of the Interior had never before been confided to such an officer, a mere clerk of the President. The next step in the progress of usurpation would be compulsory education. The schoolmaster intended to take possession of the land, and this bill would give him, in the State of Alabama, \$2.000,000 a year in salaries, while all the State expenses of the Government were but \$600,000.

Mr. Biair said that he did not believe in compulsory education.

Mr. Morgan replied that that was the only reason why compulsory education was not in the bill, because the Senator from New Hampshirs had got everything else in it that he believed in.

lieved in.
Mr. Evarts announced his intention to speak

The proposed constitutional amendment extending the time for the expiration of the Fiftieth Congress and the present Presidential Administration to April 30, 1889, was to-day re-ported favorably from the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections. By its provisions Congresses and Presidential Administrations are to begin at noon of April 30.

Senator Paddock introduced a bill to-day directing the Secretary of the Treasury to purrecting the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase sites and cause to be erected public buildings for the exclusive use of Post Offices in all towns where the grees postal receipts for the three proceding years have exceeded \$10,000 per annum. The cost of site and building in any town is not to exceed the aggregate gross postal receipts for three years. All towns having first-class Post Offices are excluded from the operations of the bill. Mrs. John A. Logan was a visitor to the Sen-

ate and House to-day, and attracted considerable attention. The bill to grant her a pension of \$2,000 a year was under consideration in will be favorably reported by that committee, but not with the unanimity of sentiment which was granted to it by the Senate Committee, Three members of the House will make a minority report in opposition to the bill. These three mem are Matson of Indiana, Chairman of the Invalid Pensions Committee; Pidcock of New Jersey, and Walker of Missouri. They are all Democrats, but only one is a Southerner, Chairman Matson said this morning that he was opposed to all such bills as this one for the widow of Gen. Logan, and that nene of them would pass the committee with his consent. Matson is liberal enough in his views on pensions for private soldiers, but has no sympathy with the movement to single out the wildows of certain Generals and give them big pensions. The House committee will not adopt the bill passed in the Senate last week, but will report a similar bill introduced by Representative McShane of Omsha. This action is taken in compliment to Mr. McShane, who is a member of the invalid Pensions Committee, and who was a liberal contributor to the fund raised for Mrs. Logan's benefit. will be favorably reported by that committee benefit.

In the Sennie to-day a resolution was adopted appropriating \$450 for the portraits of the 10,000 miditional copies of the culogies of Gen.
Logan delivered after his death in the House

and Senate. The Star to-night says: "A reporter to-day

howed Senator Invalis a printed copy of the published letter with reference to President published letter with reference to President Cleveland, said to have been written by the Senator to a friend in Kansas City, the latter part of March, 1855, and asking him if it was genuine. After glancing at the letter, Senator ingalis replied: It was written in 1886, within three weeks after the inauguration of President Cleveland. While I do not recall the letter or the name of the person to whom it was addressed, it was apparently written to a personal friend and seems to have been improperly procured and published. The President had just assumed his office, and I was simply giving my impressions to a friend. He added: But I don't think the President has atood the racket. He has falled to improve his opportunity."

The Critic to-night has the following paragraph about the sterling Democracy of the new Postmaster-General: "Senator Voorhees new Postmaster-General: "Senator Voorhees accompanied a constituent to the Post Office Department a couple of days ago and urged his appointment for a subordinate position. The Postmaster-General received them courtously, and after hearing the Senator's statement turned to the applicant and asked him. What are your politics? 'I'm a dwed-in-the-wool Democrat, sir.' was the prompt response of the Hoosier office seeker. Well, Senator, remarked the Postmaster-General, I think I will have to remove a Hepublican and give your friend a place. In speaking of the Incident to some friends, Senator voorhees remarked: 'Postmuster-General Dickinson is the first Democratic Cabinet officer I've met in this Administration.'"

Gen. Fisk. W. H. Lyon, and A. Foster Higgins, representing the New York Chamber of Commerce, will be here to-morrow to attend in commerce, will be nece to-morrow to attend in the evening a meeting of delegates from differ-ent points who are coming here in the laterest of a big appropriation for the water route to the Northwest by way of the Great Lakes. The delegation have arranged for a hearing before the Committe on Rivers and Harbors on Wed-nesday morning. They will speak in favor of Representative Farquhar's bill, appropriating \$7,000,000.

Senator Cameron presented in the Senate today a bill to reimburse certain naval officers for losses sustained by the fire at the navy mode-studing resemblation of New York—Providing that for the fact huminize of New York, on the 16th inst. The bill is a feed to the fact of the fac

Several days ago President of the Senate Ingalls was authorized to appoint a committee to consider the subject of the Pacific Railroad consider the subject of the Pacific Railroad Commission's report and President Cleveland's connection therewith. The committee has not yet been appointed. The delay is caused by the Democratic Senators, who requested Mr. Ingalis to allow them to select the minority representation upon the committee. This Mr. Ingalis agreed to, but the Democrats have not yet named their men.

An old gentleman, so feeble that he wa scarcely able to walk, trembling like a leaf, and with every sign of great age, occupied a sofa on the floor of the House of Representatives for an hour this morning. During all this for an hour this morning. During all this time he was surrounded by members of the House, who crowded about him to shake his hand. The visitor was ex-Gov. Merriweather of Kentucky, who has been a prominent man in the politics of the Blue Grass State for more than haif a century. He was for many years its Governor, served for a short time as United States Senator by appointment to fill out the unexpired term of Henry Clay, has been member of his State Legislature, Governor of New Mexico, and presiding officer of more than half the Democratic Conventions held in kentucky for fifty years. The old gentleman is 88 years of age, and made a queer figure as he sat in the House to-day responding to the greetings of his Southern friends and violently inhaling great pinches of strong Scotch sauff. He is a tall man, although much bent with age. His white hair and beard have been long uncut, and they fell over his breast and shoulders in untidy masses. The Governor wore old-fashioned bucksin gloves this morning and carried a hig thick cane. His hat was a remarkable affair, being a broad sombrero, which had once been white, but is now so stained and discolored with age that it resembles the hats worn by cowboys just from the plains. The Kentucky members were glad to see the old man, and one of them remarked: "The sight of the old man is like a page out of history." time he was surrounded by members of the

The Critic says: "There's a nice, quiet boom set up down South for Senator Sherman in the set up down South for Senator Sherman in the nature of a two-page supplement sent to every Republican paper in that section from head-quarters in Washington. It centains a picture of the Ohio Senator, with his late tariff speech, Garileid's speech nominating Mr. Sherman in 1850 at Chicago, a letter from Judge Lawrence on the wool tariff, a picture of the home of the Republican National League in Washington, and a whole lot of other valuable information that Mr. Biaine would not be particularly interested in."

Representative James T. Moffett of the Twenty-fifth Pennsylvania district has been attacked with softening of the brain. He is attacked with softening of the brain. He is now at his home in Clarion, Pa., and it is not likely that he will again take his seat in the House. He was ill before he came to Washington at the beginning of the session, and has since been in a retreat at Philadelphia. His peculiar conduct in the House during the session has been noticed and commented upon by his colleagues, who have known for a long time that his mind would soon give way. Mr. Moffett is a Republican, and this is his first term to Congress.

Justice and Mrs. Lamar have taken the house, 1,618 Twenty-first street, near Dupont circle Mrs. Lamar has just returned from a visit she entered the court circle. She was assisted by Mrs. and Miss Muldrow and Miss West

she entered the court circle. She was assisted by Mrs. and Miss Muldrow and Miss West. Miss Waite poured tea for Justice Blatchford's wife, who had many visitors. Justice Matthews's wife and daughters were at home to visitors, and Mrs. and Miss Bradley received. Mrs. Condit Smith assisted Justice Field's wife. At Justice Miller's house Mrs. Miller received, and their granddaughter, Miss Corkhill, poured tea. Mrs. Harian received, and the Judge was making visits.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wilson's house was the more interesting to-day for Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stockton being there, and receiving with Mrs. Wilson. Prof. Newcomb's wile assisted to entertain visitors. Of course, the creator of Mrs. Lecko and Mrs. Aleshine was the attraction, and he was not disappointing to the many looking for an original man. Mr. Stockton is not the ready talker that Mr. Howells is, but as an enthusiast said." He lights up beautifully when he does talk."

The Army and Navy Club gave a german tonight, and the Country Club gave a ball. Those who went to the two parties first went to the theatre to see Mrs. Potter in "Loyal Love." So many ballgoers in full dress made the house very brilliant. Mrs. Potter's visit here two years ago, when she played as an amateur for charity and read for charity, is well remembered. Official society has pretended indifference, but all the same has been devoured with curiosity to see Mrs. Potter really act as an actress. Everybody said they would not go, which meant that everybody would go, and fast enough when the time came.

There will be a number of handsome teas tomorrow, among them teas given by Mrs. Trenholm, Mrs. Radelfff, and Representative McAdoo's wife. Col. and Mrs. Bradley will give a dinner on Wednesday, and an evening reception will be given by Mrs. A. A. Cole in honor of her guests, Mrs. and Miss Walker of New York.

a Important Bill Agreed Upon by the

Washington, Jan. 30 .- The sub-committee

of the House Committee on Public Lands, which has been considering the various propositions to change the land laws, will report to the full committee on Thursday a bill "to secure to actual settlers the public lands adapted to agriculture, to protect the forests on the public domain, and for other purposes." It is in effect a repeal of most of the existing land laws. Its provisions, in brief, are as follows: All public lands are to be classified as agri-

All public lands are to be classified as agricultural, timber, minoral, desert, or reserved.

No timber land is to be sold, but the timber growing upon it may be disposed of to the highest bidder, in forty-acre lots, the timber to be removed within six years from the date of sale. Mineral outries may be made of the same land, even after the sale of timber, but cannot impair the right of the purchaserof the timber. The President may set apart any forest lands as public reservations, on which the trees and undergrowth shall be protected from waste or injury, and he may employ the military for this purpose. Lands valuable theful yor stone and undergrowth shall be protected from waste or injury, and he may employ the military for this purpose. Lands was under string laws. The Desert Land law is on the construction of timber may be disposed of under existing laws. The Desert Land law is one of more plated irrigation and the source of water supply. Association is permitted in the case of persons desiring to cooperate in the construction of irrigating cannis or dittiles.

No land is to be patented to any person under the Desert Land laws unless he has expended in its irrigation and cultivation and in permanent improvements at east 35 per acre, or at the rate of 41 per acre for three years. In the event of failure to meet this requirement the lands shall revert to the United States and the entry shall be cancelled,

Final entries may be made and patents is used before the expiration of three years unon the presentation of proof of reclamation to the aggregate extent of \$3 per acre, provided that proof be further required of the cultivation of one-eighth of the land, but no single desert land entry is to exceed \$20 acres, nor shall any paxment be required therefor; and entries are further confined to bonn file citizens and residents of the State or Territory in which the desert land entry is to exceed \$20 acres, nor shall any paxment be required therefor; and entries are further confined to bonn file citizens and reside cultural, timber, mineral, desert, or reserved. No timber land is to be sold, but the timber growing upon it may be disposed of to the

Jack Dempsey and Bominick McCaffrey of Pittaburgh are to spar to-highl, at scientific points with gloves, at the Pavonia like, Jersey City.

The trot to sleight which was to have taken place in Sevenih at seem yesterday, for a purse of \$50 offered by Tom Kearns, and not take place. There were eight entries but Capt. Blooker stopped the race, and it was declared off. Royal Baking Powder, Absolutely Pure.

J. L. D. Borthwick, \$300; Carpenter W. D. FROZEN FAST IN THE ICE. MR. ALLEN'S THRILLING EXPERIENCE

ON A BITTER NIGHT. Mis Bont Stock Past in Ice that Would Not Bear His Weight-Hours Einpee Before the Nearly Dead Man is Rescued by a Tug.

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. 30 .- Saturday night was one of the coldest on the Sound that has been known for many years, and steamers had to plough their way through ice from one to three plough their way through the from one to three inches thick, and also be on the lookout for large cakes of thicker ice. Just before dark Lighthouse Keeper N. B. Allen of the Penfield Reef Light off Black Rock left his house in get medicine for his wife. He rowed through a channel which had been made by a tugboat. and reached shore all right. On returning, he encountered great masses of floating ice, which almost crushed his light boat, and finally he stuck fast frozen in the Sound, and with ice almost crushed his light boat, and finally he stuck fast frozen in the Sound, and with ice around him which would not bear his weight to walk ashore. He was within a half mile of the lighthouse, but could not get further.

His family heard his shouts for assistance and struck signals on the fog bell for the steamer Rosedale to stop as she came in from New York. This vessel slowed up and endeay-ored to make out the signals, but falling to do so proceeded to her wharf up the Bridgeport harbor. There she reported that a signal of distress had been heard off Black Rock, and a turboat was speedily sent out to hunt for Allen. For four hours the Narah J. Weed went back and forth past Penfleid Light, but Allen could not make himself heard, and as his boat was painted white it could not be seen.

In vain he shouted and swung his oars, but his strength gave way, and he was last succumbing to the cold. Just as he had abandoned all hope and was about to lie down to die, the steamer New Haven, bound from New York to New Haven, came along, and, with one supreme effort, he shouted. It was a last call, and he could not have given another. Fred A. Camp, the pilot, heard the axonizing shout, and stopped the steamer. Then Allen's figure was made out, and the steamer was backed until it stopped against ice thick enough to bear a man's weight.

The tug was signalled, and it came to the relief of Allen, and took him aboard. He was brought to this city, and word was sent from shore to the family, who had by this time given up all hope. Allen was frostbitten to such an extent that he could not be moved until this morning when he was sent to the lighthouse by the tug Sarah J. Weed.

BOTH CLAIM THE FIGHT

Hard Battle and Many Side Fights in a PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 30 .- John Sweet of

Johnston and Leroy Barrett of the north end fought last night for the gate receipts in a barn at Manton, R. I. There was no fire, and several jugs of liquor were brought into requisition to keep the spectators from freezing. While waitng for Barrett and his trainers the party became hilarious. Several fights were started. Jack Farrell of Pawtucket had his nose broken in a drunken quarrel with a Johnston tough. in a free fight and much blood was spilled. Barrett and his trainers and twenty-five spec-

at one time every one in the barn was engaged in a free fight and much blood was spilled.

Barrett and his trainers and twenty-flve spectators arrived at 4 A. M., having been delayed by a break down. Sweet's firefinds claimed the fight as Barrett had not arrived at 12 oc ock, the hour named, but the claim was not allowed. Pete Falvey was chosen referes.

In the first round Sweet opened by landing a hard left-hand blow on Barrett's neck. There was some wicked slugging for a minute, and then Barrett went down, giving the first blood and knock down for Sweet. The latter's crowd claimed that Barrett had lost by not coming up in ten seconds, but the referee ordered the fight to go on. His decision led to fighting outside the ring. Barrett came up lively, and blaved a tatloo upon Sweet's nose and Jaw. Sweet restailated on Barrett's left cheek. The round ended in a spirited blow-for-blow encounter and some very lively fightling.

In the second round Barrett sent his right into Sweet's nose, receiving a heavy return on the law that sent him reeling. Both men were now enraged and the madelest kind of a tussle followed. Barrett knocked Sweet off his feet by a full right in the face, and the Sweet crowd shouled "Foul," Sweet went to work on Barrett selve, which he reached several times. Barrett responded and again sent Sweet to the floor. The Sweet crowd ronewed their claim of "foul," and accused Barrett of bitting their man when he was down.

Both men fought hard in the third round, but Barrett delivered the most effective blows, Barrett cenwe to he scenach in the fourth round in a shaky condition, and got a bad pummelling for the first minute. He then braced up and made things lively for Sweet. Blow after blow was landed on Sweet's head, face, and breast, and he soon showeds signs of grogginess. Then in quick succession both men went down. Sweet sent a flerce left-hand blow in upon Barrett's leve, he had a succession both men went down. Sweet sent a flerce left-hand blow in upon Barrett's head, face, and breast, he had

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN-Sir: To those who have known me during a business career in this city of about 35 years any refutation of the charges of my bad faith contained in the article in Tun Sun of yes erday, entitled "Suit for Mexican Bonda" will not be necessary, especially in view of the fact that in such charges I am coupled with Mr. Juan N. Navarro, who has been for many years and is now. Consul-leneral from Mexico to the United States and is well known to the public as a gentleman of the highest character. And, while I deprecate trying a lawsuit in the newspapers. It seems to me proper to state the fellowing facts, that they may follow the charges contained in the arricle referred o and be read by those with whom I have but a slight to and be read by those with whom I have but a slight acquaintance:

My answer to the complaint in the suit mentioned has been prepared and will show as I will abundantly prove on the trial, that while I have dealt in the Mexican bonds buying and selling the tame at times dering the past twenty years. I have done so at all times with perfect fairness. It is true that the bonds named in this suit were reported by some person to the Mexican flowerment as having been stolen, and were included in a list of bonds claimed to lave been stolen, furnished my drm by said Government. It is utterly false that used this fact to try to purchase these. Perry bonds at a low price, as from the moment it knew them to be included in that if I would not have paid one dollar for them; not because I knew the dovernment will not recognize and par them white that charge rests against them, for which, I repeat, I am in no way responsible Years truly, New Yors, Jan. St.

With But a Single Thought. From the Chicago Tribune.

"I have to thank you for a pleasant evening, Miss Bilderback," and young Feckinsaugh at haif past it o'check, as he ross to go. "I have scarcely fell as if I were an acquamance until this evening, but now it almost seems as if I had known you for years."

"I was about to make the same remark." murmured the young lady with her eyes on the clock. "It does, indeed, seem a long time."

Unprecedented Frigidity. From the Boston Herald.

It was so cold down in Maino last week that Uncle Hamibal Hamin had to put on an overcoat. This indicates unprecedented frigidity.

Base Ball Notes.

The New York team is on its way home. President Zack Phelps of the Louisville Club has re-used to allow his name to be used for redlection. The Acmes will present the following strong team next season: diark catcher: McKenna pitcher: leiler, first base: Williams, second base: Clayton, short stop; Mao-key, third base: t'Net left field; Kenny, centre field; limitaran, right field. The team will open the season with the Newark Club on April 2. with the Newark Club on April 2.

Lataum, the third baseman of the St. Louis Club, has arrived home from San Francisco. He says that he is delighted with the trip to the coast, and that the people of san Francisco gave the Eastern players a grand respiten. "Everybody made a little money," said he, "and everybody was satisfied with the result of the lip."

ception. "Everybody made a little money," said he, "and everybody was satisfied with the result of the tip."

CRICAGO, Jan. 80.—Second Baseman Fred Pfeffer of the Chicago nine, who has been at longerheads with the management of the club ever since the season closed last year, to-day signed a contract to play under capt. Anson from March until Novem er. It reported that Pfeffer was forced to accept Fresident Spaulding's terms which, aithough in excess of the League limit, were not estifactory to the fassions player.

A San Francisco special to the 5t Louis Sporting News says: "There was no same yeaterday. The Haight sirect grounds were too wet to play on. So the hew lork-St. Louis game was necessarily pastponed. The series therefore, ende atta. In the first game the soure was St. Louis, i; New York, 6. The second game was New More, 5: St. Louis, ii. Year-stay the ling of war was to have come. Both sides were sager for the battle. King had saved himsel all the week and so had Van Hallen. There was entimisated on every side, and at least 22 LOUIS speciators sof ready to witness the battle. On Maturday, however, the stay of the same the source of the story of the same and New Yorks were to dispuse of the Brown shocking capment and they see fast for home, taking a special cap on the Central Fasific. Every member of the Brown shocking team left except Yout. He will remain here for several days. The Browns played the greatest kind of ball and so did the Giants. That man King has about let himself end, and is twirring such ball as ought to make St. Louisans Jubliant, if he continues it next season. In the first fastic of the series the New Yorks gauged him for one hit. In the second they got aven, four of which were by Tierman, what by the way is the star of the stars. You ought to see hum hit and run. Last Sunday to was on Treman and second on Hishning's throw over second. There bases on an over throw is something wenderful.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL New York Stock Exchange-Sales Jan. 80, CLOSING PRICES OF UNITED STATES SORDS. U. S. 456s. r. 198 1094; U. S. 6a, 1805. 110 U. S. 456s. c. 198 1094; U. S. 6a, 1805. 110 U. S. 456s. c. 198 1094; U. S. 6a, 1807. 123 U. S. 48. r. 126 126; U. S. 6a, 1807. 123 U. S. 6a, 1808, 125 U. S. 6a, 1808, 127

PATCHOAD AND OTHER BONDS (IF - 1,000m)

Int. & Gt. N. lat

Int. & Ut. N. ca.

Kan. P. en

10 Kan. 4 T.gl. 5s.

LAILEGAD AND OTHER SHARES

There was a gratifying increase in the volume

of trading to-day, but prices were held in

check somewhat by fears that the coal miners of the Wyoming region might join the Reading strikers, and also by apprehensions regarding

the extent and consequences of the Broad-

way fire. These influences had the most effect

upon the room traders, who were bent upon

emphasizing them in the market with a view of bringing about a reaction, which they con-

sider due. Except in Missouri Pacific these

efforts accomplished little. It is worth noting

that the fresh heaviness developed in that stock to-day had little or no effect upon the general list. The belief is gaining ground that

the market for Missouri Pacific is more or less manipulated just at present, and as the people

who deal in it are few as compared with the aggregate of those who deal in stocks, it is not

surprising that the course of the stock is gradually losing its influence as a general factor.

Reading retained the first place in every respect, and the final advance in it left it at about

the best figures of the day. Western Union

and Northwestern were good seconds. The

final movement in Reading gave color to reports

that the situation in the mining region was becoming more fuvorable. The broader mar-ket included a number of the important special-

ties, notably Norfolk and Western preferred. Pacific Mail, Tennessee Coal and Iron, Chicago and East Illinois common, and Fort Worth and Denver City, all of which closed higher.

1 Atl. & Pac. 181... 913... 10 Net. El. 181... 1138... ## follows:

Can. Southern. 53	364	Norfolk & W. of. 4436		
Can. Southern. 53	364	Norfolk & W. of. 4436		
C. B. & O.	330	129	Norfolk & W. of. 4436	
Consol. (as. 77	704	N. Y. A. N. B. 3734		
Det. & Hudson. 111	1114	Umans com. 110		
Det. & Hudson. 111	1114	Umans com. 365		
Enst Tenn.	104	104	107	107
Enst Tenn.	104	104	107	107
East Tenn.	104	104	107	107
East Tenn.	104	104	107	
East T. 2d ord	224	224	17	
F. W. & D.	44	4436	107	
Uregon inn.	05	05		
Hocking toni.	274	274	factor Mail	354
Hocking toni.	274	274	factor Mail	354
Hocking toni.	274	274	factor Mail	354
Hocking toni.	274	274	factor Mail	354
Lot. & Nan.	015	05	05	
East anore	105	05	05	
East anore	105	05	05	
East anore	105	05	05	
East anore	105	05	05	
East anore	105	05	05	
East anore	105	05	05	
East anore	105	05	05	
East anore	105	05		
East T. 20	05			

5 Can. Bo, 26. 945;
10 Cen. R. & B. Co. et
Ga. R. 5e. 1015;
5 C. U. C. & I. 1st. 1215;
4 Ch. & R. Ili. 1st cn. 117;
4 Ch. & R. Ili. 1st cn. 110;
1 Ch. St. I. & N. O. 5a. 117;
1 Ch. St. I. & N. O. 5a. 117;
1 Deb. & R. G. con. 705;
2 Det. & B. 64. 110;
2 Det. & B. 64. 110;
3 Our. St. I. ist. 177;
10 000;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. I. C. 18C. 105;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. I. C. 18C. 105;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. I. C. 18C. 105;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. I. C. 18C. 105;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. I. 105;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. I. 105;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. I. 105;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. I. 105;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. I. 105;
4 Det. M & M. I. Q. 42;
1 Ch. M. St. III. 110;
4 Det. M. St. III. 110;
4 Det. M. St. III. 110;
4 Det. M. St. III. 110;
5 Peo. D. & Elst Ed. 1049;
6 Det. M. St. III. 110;
6 Det. M. St. II Missour Fac... 87 884; West Un Fei... 789, 788, 1880 west un Fei... 789, 788, 1880 westing a LE 51 008.

Government bonds quiet and steady, excepting the currency 6s, which closed \$60 \ \tilde{\tilde{1}}\) we cont, lower bid. Railway bonds less active, but strong. The notoworthy net advances were in Central Railroad and Banking Co. of Georgia, general 5s, \$\tilde{\tilde{5}}\) cent, to 101%: Denver and Hie Grande Western Ists, as., \$\tilde{5}\), to 65%: Eastern Tennessee, Virginia, and Georgia, lats, \$\tilde{5}\), to 99%: Kansas and Texas consol 7s, \$\tilde{5}\), to 102, general 6s, \$\tilde{5}\\$, to 71, and 5s, \$\tilde{5}\\$, to 62%; Louisville, New Albany and Chicago lats, 1, to 111; New Orleans and Pacific 1sts, \$\tilde{5}\\$, to 102%; Toxas Pacific, Rio Grande division 1sts, \$\tilde{5}\\$, to 70%; Toledo, Ans Arbor and North Michigan 1sts, \$\tilde{5}\\$, to 96%; and Wabash Pacific, Chicago division, 1 \$\tilde{5}\\$, cent., to 98. Erie 2s declined \$\tilde{5}\\$ weent., to 99.

Sterling exchange dull and lower. Some drawers lowered their nominal asking rates for short bills & cent # pound to \$4.87. Long bills remain unchanged at \$4.85. remain unchanged at \$4.85.

The Clearing House adopted to-day emphatiq resolutions favoring the immediate repeal of the Saturday Half Holiday law. It was also decided to change the form of the Clearing House certificates issued by the Bank of America so as to make them conform more closely to the requirements of the National Banking law.

| Outside | Outs Net earnings. \$164,973 \$135,184 Fixed charges... 87,283 98,678 Net Income .. \$67,690 \$36,506

Treasury balances compare as follows:

Money in London & W cent. Paris advices quote 3 W cents at 81.42%.

New York Markets, Monday, Jan. 30.—Flourand Meal.—In sympathy with the course of values for grain the market for flour and meal was util, dreoping, and unsetted. Corross-Futures opened a little weak under a decline at Liverpool. But the continued smail movement of the crop caused a quick raily, especially in the summer months which have been relatively cheaper than the sarvier deliveries it appeared, however, that receipts at New Orjeans had been underestimated, and when they were reported part of the advance was lest, and the close was quiet though about steady at 163 points advance for the summer mon hs and 26s- points advance for the summer mon hs and 26s- points advance for the summer mon hs and control quiet and unchanged;

February 13.15c. June. 12.50c. Octaber 11.80c. March 12.85c. July 12.25c. November 11.70c. April. 12.75c. August 12.0 c. December 11.85c. May 12.65c. heptember 11.85c.

No new influences of importance became enerative to-day. The market simply reflected

the increasing confidence which results in a more general desire to trade, and upon the long more general desire to trade, and upon the long side of the list. No one doubts the issue of the Reading strike, and the effect upon all of the coal properties of a viotory by the Reading Company is beginning to be appreciated. It will unquestionably dispose of the labor question so far as the coal companies are concerned for a number of years to come.

In the Unlisted Department Cotton Oil Trusts sold at 33% to 38%; Chicago Gas Trusts at 39 to 38%; Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic preferred at 31% to 31%; Lebigh and Wilkesbarre Coal at 17 to 18; Mexican National Construction at 28; Ringston and Pembroke Iron at 28,7%; 28 shares of Western National Bank at 98, and 25 shares of Knickerbocker Trust Company at 140; Georgia Pacific Ists at 108%; Mexican National lat Trust certificates at 42% to 42%, and new lats at 94% to 94%. Despite some realizing by traders near the close the market closed strong at about the best prices.

Final prices compare with those of Saturday as follows:

Jan. 28, Jan. 30, Can. Southern, 59 5046 Nortole & Mr. 48% 47.

cent., to 99.

In bank stocks 5 shares of American Ex-change Bank sold at 142, 211 shares of Bank of Republic at 140%, 12 shares of Fourth National Bank at 141, 12 shares of Importers' and Traders' Bank at 334, and 30 shares of Nassau

Money on call, 2@3 7 cent.

1 Tex. Pac. Term. 0a. 62 15 Tex. Pac. a. 5156 11 Tex. Pac. a. 5156 11 Tex. Pac. 5c. t. T. R. 104 3 Tol. & W. 2d. 80 3 Tol. & W. con. cv. . 86 law.
The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad
Company reports to the Bailroad Commis-

2 Tenn. C. I. & R.
1 Va. Mid. gnl 32 97
3 W. & P. Ch. d. 97
9 W. & P. Ch. d. 97 \$88,597 Acting President George J. Gould of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company said to-day that the interest on the consolidated 7 per cent. bonds of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Company, due Feb. 1, would be paid.

The Government receipts for January have averaged about \$1.000,000 a day, and already exceed the expenditures during the same period by more than \$18,000,000. This amount will be reduced to about \$14,500,000 by interest payments, and that amount substantially represents the decrease in the public debt for the month.

quote 3 % cents at 81.423.

The Amsterdam Committee of Missouri, Ransas and Texas bond and stockholders has requested Mr. Adolph Boissevain, now in this city, to form a New York committee to work in harmony with it for the protection of stockholders. Mr. Boissevain has asked Mr. R. V. Martinsen of 48 Exchange place to act as Chairman of the committee and appoint other members, and he has consented to do so.

members, and he has consented to do so.

The annual statement of the Washington
Life Insurance Company, published in another column, shows for the year 1887 over
\$8,000.000 new business, and death claims
\$40,000 less than in 1886. The company's surplus as regards policy holders, calculated ascording to the new 4 % cent, standard, is now
\$583,777. These results are alike creditable to
the company's officers and encouraging to its
policy holders.

Series of the series of the advance was lead, and advance was lead

May ... 12 50c | August 12.0 c. | December ... 11.85c. May ... 12 55c | September ... 11.85c. |

Il aw sugara duli and nominal at 35cc for fair refining Cuba and ... 15cc for standard centrifuzat, duly paid, and 37. ... 16cc for standard centrifuzat, duly paid, and 37. ... 16cc for standard centrifuzat, duly paid, and 157. ... 16cc for societat with New Orleans jobbing at 37642c. ... 12cc by a uction, 20.1 bax Fairms lemma, \$1.07666 for 17642c. ... 12cc for societat, the more diseast options being invrey dead in; sales aggregated 1.364008 ha at 18.56c. for spot, 16.408. 18.10c. for March. 18.756 18.10c. for March. 18.756 18.10c. for April. 18.706016 Nost for March. 18.756 18.10c. for April. 18.706016 Nost for May, and 18.05 48.10c. for June. The in some demand; sales 30 tons for April at 32.7563-18.10c.

Nava. Stonas.—Supiris turpentine more active and firmer at 4019c.

Paracture. Crude certificates fairly active and prices are firmer; opening at 615c. selling at 80560.45c., and closing at 8056 (2000).

Live Stock Market. New Yorks. Monday. Jan. 30.—Receipts of beeves. 120 car loads. or 2.120 head—52 car loads for the market. 42 car loads for exportation, slive and dead, and life ar loads for exportation, slive and dead, and life ar loads for head of the same as quotied on Friday last, with a little firmer tone in respect to good and prime steers, which were comparatively acarce. Peor to good steers sold at \$1.70,285.50. prime do. at \$5.40,865.00; a few selected extra do. at \$5.75. and poor to choice bulls and dry cows at \$1.70,285.50. Receipts of caives 152 sead. Nearly nominal trade, but firm at tegic by in for vests and at 35,265.6c. for "fed" calves and mixed job.

Receipts of sleeps and wastisty brick at good prices, but the market closed with an easier feeling and a degree ward tendency. Transactions were at \$6,265.6c. \$8. Be for sheep, and at \$2.70 feel colors with an easier feeling and a degree ward tendency. Transactions were at \$6,265.6c. \$8. Be for sheep, and at \$6.75 feel for lambs with a car load of fail-clipped Western lambs at \$5.00.

Court Calendars I'his Day. Paine Strand Court.—Will of Catherine Dexis, 10 A. M.;
Surgard Diamond 12 M.
Surgard Diamond Court 12 M.
Surgard Diamond 12 M.
Surga

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMARAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 7 12 (Sun sets.... 5 16 | Moon rises... 6 19

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 9 15 | Gov. Island. 9 42 | Hell Gate...11 21

Arrived-MOXDAY, Jan. 80. Arrived-Monday, Jam 50.

Re Pennsylvania, Thomas, Liverpool Jam 17 and
Queenstown 18th.

re Alexandria, Pert, Naples.

Se Seminois, Kemble, Jacksonville.

Se Seminois, Kemble, Jacksonville.

Se Seminois, Kemble, Jacksonville.

Se Seminois, Kemble, Savannah.

Re Seminois, Kemble, Savannah.

Re Seminois, Seminois, Savannah.

Re Fanama, Genia ilavana.

Re Holmana.

Re Holmana.

Re Holmana.

Re Holmana.

Re Holmana.

Re Holmana.

Re Guif Siream, Ingram, Wimmington, M. C.

Re Guif Siream, M. C

ARRIVED OUT.

8s Ohlo, from New York, off Brow Head.

8s Egypt, from New York, at Queenstown.

8s La Gascogus, from New York, at Havre.

SALED FROM FOREIGN FOREIGN FOREIGN FOREIGN FOREIGN FOR NEW YORK.
Be Canada, from Uravesend for New York.

Business Hotices. Men's fine Calf Shees, band wels, \$2.07; rorth \$4. KENNEDY, 26 Cortland; at, up stairs.

BELCHER.—Suddenly, in Chicaga, Jan. 28, in the C3d year of her age. Elizabeth, wife of Geo. E. Belcher. M. D., and daughter of the late John Harper. Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral on Thursday aftersoon at 4 0 clock, at Calvary Church, the sy, and Mistat.

BUBERT.—On Saturday, Jan. 28, of pneumonia, at New Springville, S. I., Suxan B., wife of Col. C. Egnert.—ELDRIDGE.—At the Murray "ill Hotel Jan. 29, of pneumonia, Mrs. Hannah Edridge, widow of Dr. Edwin Franklit.—At the flate residence, 15 West 51st st., on Franklith.—At her late residence, 15 West 51st st., on the 29th inst. Ellen Mercer, wife of Seth Barton French, in the 52d wear of ber age.

Funeral services at the house to-day at 4 P. M. Interment at Frederickaburg, Va. It is requested that no flowers be seen.

HOUGHTON.—Entered into rest, enddenly, on Saturday, Jan. 28, Emelline Wilton, widow of Edward P. Houghton.

Relatives and friends and those of her son, the Rev. oughton. Relatives and friends and those of her son, the Rev. C. Houghton, and brother-in-iaw, the Rev. Dr. George I. Houghton, are invited to attent her funeral to day 1 10:39 A. M., at Transfiguration Chapel 69th st., near they.

Houghton.

Relatives and friends and those of her son, the Rev. R. C. Houghton, and brother-in-law, the Rev. Dr. George H. C. Houghton, are invited to attent her fanoral to day in the control of the co mit flowers. LAWRENCE.—William B. Lawrence, aged 63 years and months. Funeral services at house, 221 East 50th st., to-day as Pulieral services at house, 221 East 50th st., to-day at a full content of the co P. M. SCOTT.—At his late residence, 20 Vandam st. en Sabriday, Jan. A tieorge W. Scott aged 25 years, only son of John and Elizabeth Scott, of pneumonia.

Funeral services at St. John's Church, Varick st., today at 2 P. M. Belatives and friends are invited to attend. tend.

SMITH.—Entered into rest, as her late residence, 428
5th st. Jersey City. on Saturday. 28th inst. Margaret,
widow of Jeremiah Smith and mother of Edgar Smith,
in the 8th year of her age.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral
from 8: Paul's Methodist Episcopai Church, 3dt. Jersey_City, loday at 9:30 A.M. Interment at Sockland.

sey_City, to-day & 19:30 A. M. Interment at Rockiand, N. W. MERVILLE.—In Brooklyn, Jan. 29, Rebert Somerville, in the 0"th year of his age.

Buffalo papers please conv.

STARRETT.—In Monday, Jan. 30, 18%8 M. Louise, only daughter of Francis A. and the late Serena S. Harrett.

Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 31, at 80 o'clock P. M. at her late residence, 107 Vernon av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Interment private.

KTILWELL.—Suddenly, at Portchester, N. Y., Jan. 28, William M. Stilwell, in his 58th year.

Funeral from Methodist Episcopal Church, Portchester, to-day, Relatives, and friends in vited to be present. TH YER.—(b) Sunday morning, Jan. 29, Robert H. Thayer, axed 57. TH YER.—On Sunday morning Jan 29, Robert H. Thayer, aved 67.
The funeral services will be held at his late residence, Mountain Station, N. J., to-day on the arrival of the train leaving New York at 10:10, Delaware, Lackawana and Western Railroad.
TOMRR—On Friday, 27th inst., at his late residence, 612 Lexington av., Charles F. Tomer, in the Glat year of his are.

Special Motices.

TO MOTHERS "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for Children eething," softens the guma reduces inflammation, diays all pain, and cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Financial. OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MUTUAL

INSURANCE COMPANY NEW YORK, Jan. 24, 1888. The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of tte affairs on the Sist of December, 1887:

Premiums on Marine Risks from 1st January, 1887, to Bist December, 1887. 1884, 1887, to Bist December, 1887. 1884, 1887,

J. D. JONES,
W. H. H. MOORR,
A. A. RAVEN,
JAMES LOW,
WM. STURGIS,
BENJANIN H. FIELD,
JOSIAH O. WORLIES,
WILLIAM DEUROOT,
HORACE GRAY,
WILLIAM DEUROOT,
C. A. HAND,
JOHN L. RICKER,
OUN RILIOTE,
C. A. HAND,
JOHN L. RICKER,
WILLIAM E DODGE,
JOHN L. RICKER,
WILLIAM E DODGE,
OUN HEWERT,
WILLIAM H. WEBS,
JOHN L. JOHNES,
THOMAS MAITLAND,
JOHN L. RICKER,
GEORGE BLISS,
EDWARD FLOYD JONES,
THOMAS MAITLAND,
JOHN D. HEWLETT,
WILLIAM H. WEBS,
JOHN D. JONES, President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF Wabash Mortgage Bonds

EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER. The large amount of mortgage bonds deposited in the Central Trust Company assures, in the opinion of the underaigned committees, the success of the reorganization plan of Nov. 21, 1887; but as the engraved, negotiable certificates of the Trust Company will not be ready until Jan. 25, the time for further deposits has been extended to Feb. 6, 1888.

All bonds deposited after that date will be subject to a penalty of TWO PER CENT. upon the par value thereof. Pamphlets giving details of the plan can be obtained at the Central Trust Company, 54 Wall at.

JAMPS F JOY,
T. H. HURBARD.
EDGAR T. WELLES,
COMMITTEE,
CYRUS J. LAWRENCE,
H. K. MEHARG.
THUS. B. ATKINS,
JOHN T. TERRY.
F. N. LAWRENCE,

NEW YORK, Jan. 21, 1889. MOORE & SCHLEY. BANKERS AND BROKERS

26 BROAD ST., NEW YORK, Members of the New York Stock Exchange. Private wire connections with correspond-BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE,

CHICAGO WASHINGTON, D. C., RICHMOND, VA. Bayonue to Have a Free Mail Delivery.

Postmaster James Brady of Bayonne returned from Washington yesterday with the new that the flaperintendent of the free delivery service had promised him that Bayonne should have a free postal delivery on March 1.